

Q3
(a) Discuss the different methods of speed control for dc motor. (separately excited) [8]

(b) What is Dynamic breaking? Explain in detail by diagrams and mathematical expression. [8]

OR

(b) Explain the basic characteristic of dc motor with necessary diagram and equation. [8]

Section II.

Q4
(a) If the slip is 8% and the rotor speed is 1380 RPM, what is the synchronous speed of induction motor and the number of poles for 50Hz. line frequency? [2]

(b) What is scalar control? Name some scalar control methods. [2]

(c) What is base speed of an induction motor? [2]

(d) What is a switched mode power supply? [2]

(e) What are harmonics? [1]

(f) For a constant power input, if the induction motor is driven above its base speed, its torque output _____ . [1]

(g) Explain the operation of class C choppers. [8]

Q5
(a) Explain the principle and operation of series inverter. [8]

(b) Draw and explain the per phase equivalent circuit model of induction motor. [8]

OR

(a) Explain the PWM technique in inverters and state its advantages. [8]

(b) Draw and explain the torque-speed characteristics of an induction motor. [8]

Q6
(a) A three phase 460V 60 Hz four pole yqe connected induction motor has the following equivalent circuit parameters: $R_s=0.42 \Omega$, $R_r=0.23 \Omega$, $X_s= X_r=0.82 \Omega$ and $X_m=22 \Omega$. The no-load loss, which is 60W, may be assumed constant. The rotor speed is 1750 RPM. Use the approximate equivalent circuit to determine (a) Synchronous speed ω_s ; (b) the slip s ; (c) input power P_i ; (d) the developed torque T_d ; (e) efficiency. [8]

(b) Write short note (any two): [8]
1. Design of components in parallel inverter.
2. Step up chopper.
3. Jones chopper.